# Welcome, Volunteer, to Pine Tree Hospice



### ETHICS



### ETHICS

- o Respect value systems of the hospice person and family
- o Identify and keep professional (therapeutic) boundaries
- Maintain confidentiality of hospice person/family information at all times
- Read the Pine Tree Hospice Confidentiality Policy
- o Recognize situations in which Mandated Reporting is necessary
- o Identify the role of the volunteer when abuse or domestic violence is suspected or confirmed
- Discuss ways of honoring the wishes of the client and the family when differences, such as pain management issues, exist
- Know that a client may request accompaniment during situations when intimate and personal
  information will be revealed (such as a medical office); and that asking the PTH office to provide
  a replacement advocate is an option
- Continue to maintain personal boundaries if they become difficult to define when interacting with clients over a long period of time, or with clients who are neighbors or friends; understand that reassignment is required if personal boundaries cannot be maintained
- Communicate with Pine Tree Hospice staff if boundaries become blurred or crossed



The National Hospice and Palliative Care Organization states, in its list of Value definitions:

"Recognize and honor the values, customs, traditions, cultural, religious and spiritual beliefs and practices as well as the life experiences, hopes and dreams of patients, families and communities"

What, exactly, is a "value"



# A value is a personal belief about the worth of something

One example of a value is:

"I believe I should tell the truth"

what are other examples ???



## A value is a personal belief about the worth of something

- ·I should care about the welfare of others
- ·I should create a pleasant environment
- ·People should have the freedom of choice
- ·People should be treated with dignity
- ·Each person is a unique individual
- ·I respect others' beliefs about death
- ·I should not impose my values on others



#### How do we learn values?

#### from other people...

- family
- friends
- neighbors
- co-workers

### from education and experience

- school
- church
- books & movies



#### How do we learn values?

from other people

from education and experience

How do values serve us?

Values set the standards that influence our behavior

Our "conscience" tells us what is "right" and what is "wrong"



#### How do we learn values?

from other people

from education and experience

How do values serve us?

Values set the standards that influence our behavior

Our "conscience" tells us what we should / should not say or do



#### Do any of these reflect your personal beliefs?

I will be in a good place after I die I will never again see loved ones who have died I am afraid to die and I don't believe in God My deceased mother/sister/... visits me After death I will cease to exist After death my soul will be with a divine being After death I will be reborn somewhere In the afterlife I will pay for my wrongdoings I have faith in God and have no fear of dying



# Can you honor this value? "I respect other people's beliefs about dying and death"

What if your client says, "There is no life after death"

How does your client's belief make you <u>feel</u>???



# "I respect other people's beliefs about dying and death"

What if your client says, "I don't believe in God.
And I am afraid to die."

How does your client's belief make you <u>feel</u>???



# "I respect other people's beliefs about dying and death"

What if your client says,

"My mother died last year, but she visits me often. I love having her with me."

How does your client's belief make you <u>feel</u>???



## When you accept another's values/beliefs, you

- Respect their values
- Honor their beliefs
- Accept them when their values differ from your own

Accepting another's values/beliefs is not the same as believing them

# Accepting another's values/beliefs is not the same as believing them Can you honor <u>ALL</u> of these statements?

Death is final, there is no life after death After death, I will be in heaven After death, I will be born again

I know I will meet my loved ones again in heaven My departed loved ones can visit me here on earth I will never reunite with my departed loved ones

There is no God, and I fear death
I believe in God and have no fear of death
I believe in God, but I am afraid of dying



A value is a personal belief about the worth of something A value sets the standards that influence our behavior

The hospice volunteer respects/honors the client's values

#### AND

does not impose his/her values on the hospice client or family

A value is like a "should"



#### A value is like a "should"

I should care about the welfare of others

I should create a pleasant environment

People should have the freedom of choice

People should be treated with dignity

I should not impose my values on others



#### Don't put a "you" in front of "should"

I should care about the welfare of others You should care about the welfare of others I should create a pleasant environment You should create a pleasant environment People should have the freedom of choice You should give people freedom of choice People should be treated with dignity You should treat people with dignity I should not impose my values on others You should not impose your values on others

### PINE TREE HOSPICE

A value is a personal belief about the worth of something

#### Of these values, which are the top 3 for you?

A comfortable life	.prosperous
An exciting life	stimulating, active
Accomplishment	lasting contribution
Freedom	independence, free choice
Happiness	contentedness
Health	physical & mental comfort
Inner harmony	.freedom from inner conflict
Pleasure	enjoyable, leisurely life
Self-respect	.self esteem, self worth
Social recognition	respect, admiration

Would your hospice client rank these values in the same order as you do?



How can you find out what your hospice client believes and values ???

Ask the client

Easy to use tools such as

Go Wish Game Hello Game

Comprehensive tools such as

The Conversation Project (https://theconversationproject.org)

Advance Directive such as

The Five Wishes (www.fivewishes.org)

Maine Health Care Advance Directive

(www.mainehealth.org/Services/Hospital-Medicine/Advance-Directive)



#### The "Go Wish Game"



- Use the cards to begin the conversation located in PTH office
- Use the worksheet to identify areas of need copies in PTH office
- Use the web...teach the caregiver
  www.codaalliance.org/go-wish

	The Go Wish Game	not important to me	somewhat important to me	very important to me	
				I need support with this wish	
1	To be free from pain				
2	To be free from anxiety				
3	Not being short of breath				
4	To be kept clean				
5	To have human touch				
6	To have my financial affairs in order				
7	To have my family prepared for my death				
8	To die at home				
9	To know how my body will change				
10	To feel that my life is complete				
11	To say goodbye to important people in my life				
12	To remember personal accomplishments				
13	To take care of unfinished business with family and friends				
14	To prevent arguments by making sure my family knows what I want				
15	To have an advocate who knows my value and priorities				
16	To be treated the way I want				
17	To maintain my dignity				
18	To keep my sense of humor				
19	To have a doctor who knows me as a whole person				

	The Go Wish Game	not important to me	somewhat important to me	very important to me	
					I need support with this wish
20	To have close friends near				
21	Not dying alone				
22	To have someone who will listen to me				
23	To trust my doctor				
24	To have a nurse I feel comfortable with				
25	To be mentally aware				
26	To have my funeral arrangements made				
27	Not being a burden to my family				
28	To be able to help others				
29	To be at peace with God				
30	To pray				
31	Not being connected to machines				
32	To be able to talk about what scares me				
33	To meet with clergy or a chaplain				
34	To be able to talk about what death means to me				
35	To have my family with me				
36	Wild Card				
2					

#### Another tool, "My Gift of Grace" Now called "Hello"



The "Go Wish" game and "My Gift of Grace" can be borrowed from Pine Tree Hospice



### Know your client's wishes about PAIN MANAGEMENT

Does s/he want to be free of pain even if it means being asleep most of the time ???

Does s/he want to be able to relate to other people even if it means s/he will be experiencing significant pain ???

Can you support your client's wish ???

Unconditionally ???



#### Acknowledge your differences

? Is it OK to refuse caring for a hospice client if his/her beliefs or practices make you uncomfortable ?

Yes,

BUT... Don't "abandon" your client unless there is danger

AND... Do confer with PTH staff ASAP



#### Boundaries are:

Guidelines for maintaining positive and helpful relationships with clients

Physical and emotional limits of a relationship, which may be unspoken

A framework for defining acceptable behavior



### Boundaries are guidelines for maintaining positive and helpful relationships with clients

In a social relationship you can be "friends"

In a helping relationship you can be "friendly"

#### <u>Social</u>

The feeling of closeness between 2 people is about the same

People take turns being the center of attention

#### Helping

The helper is in the other person's intimate space

The helper always focuses on the other person

the focus of the relationship is on the client



Boundaries are guidelines for maintaining positive and helpful relationships with clients

Friends confide in each other Volunteers (helpers) listen to confidences

Friends sometimes monopolize the conversation

Volunteers (helpers) listen attentively

Friends share their vulnerable feelings

Volunteers (helpers) listen compassionately

Friends exchange gifts

Volunteers (helpers) do not accept gifts



In a social relationship you can be "friends" In a helping relationship you can be "friendly"

#### In a helping relationship you can NOT be "friends"

Like it or not, you are in a position of power over the client **simply because** you are the "helper" and s/he is the "helpee"

- · you have personal information about the client
- · you have access to resources for your client
- · you are knowledgeable about hospice care

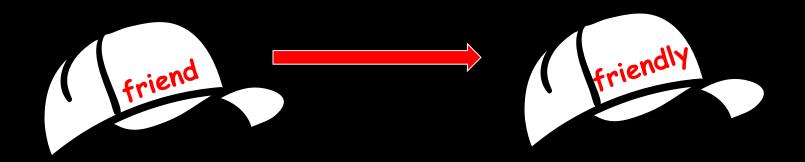
We need to recognize this power imbalance, making every effort to ensure that our focus is always on our client's comfort and safety



Boundaries are guidelines for maintaining positive and helpful relationships with clients

What if you are already friends or neighbors with your client ???

As a volunteer, you must change from the role of "friend" to the role of friendly volunteer helper





# Making someone uncomfortable or causing harm by crossing an imaginary line that separates ourselves from others

- · crossing the physical space between us
- · crossing into another's emotional space



#### We are already familiar with personal boundaries You would likely feel I've crossed my boundary with you if I asked you:

- ? who are you planning to vote for
- ? how much did you pay for your coat
- ? how old are you
- ? how much do you weigh
- ? what is your bank balance
- ? are those your real teeth
- ? have you had a bowel movement today
- ? are you afraid to die
- ? do you have a rash anywhere on your body
- ? do you get along with everyone in your family



Making someone uncomfortable or causing harm by crossing an imaginary line that separates ourselves from others

A professional boundary crossing happens when your behavior as a hospice volunteer is not focused on your client's comfort and safety

#### Such as...

- · becoming over involved
- accepting gifts, such as reimbursement for gas
- unsolicited physical touching
- sharing your worries and concerns
- · offering medical or spiritual advice
- · revealing client's info to anyone outside of PTH



Crossing a client's personal boundary to prevent discomfort or harm is not the same as a professional boundary crossing

who are you planning to vote for

how much did you pay for your coat

how old are you

how much do you weigh

what is your bank balance

are those your real teeth

have you had a bowel movement

are you afraid to die

do you have a rash

do you get along with all family

are these boundary crossings in a professional relationship? (therapeutic)



Crossing a client's personal boundary to prevent discomfort or harm is not a professional boundary crossing

who are you planning to vote for how much did you pay for your coat how old are you how much do you weigh what is your bank balance are those your real teeth have you had a bowel movement are you afraid to die do you have a rash do you get along with all family

yes there is no need to know

there may be a need to know this information for the client's continued comfort or safety

reasons for questions can be explained, and questions can be rephrased to solicit information without causing discomfort

no



### Is it a boundary Crossing if . . .

You greet your client with a hug?

yes, unless your client wants to be hugged

It is OK to respond to a hug

You suggest your client try a drug store sleep aid?

yes, there may be OTC drug interactions

Ask, "Do you feel rested after sleep?" If no, refer to PTH

You tell the family the client will soon be in a better place?

yes... this would be your value imposed

Just listen attentively



# You gently agree when your client tells you s/he must look awful?

yes, even if it opposes your personal value of truth telling

You could say, "Do you <u>feel</u> awful today? What would make you feel better?"

You accept gas money from your client's family?

yes, never accept money from a client

You could say, "Thank you, but our services are completely free" If your client insists you could say, "Thank you, but we are not allowed to accept money"



# You accept your client's reauest to be his/her healthcare power of attorney

yes, you would be inappropriately entangling yourself into your client's personal space

Help your client to identify a friend or family member who would uphold the client's values about end of life issues. If your client is unable to identify anyone, bring the issue to the attention of the PTH coordinator



You hold your client's hand?

maybe...does s/he want to be touched?

It is OK to place your hand under...s/he will have a choice

You leave the client's home before the agreed upon time?

maybe... this could devalue your client's time

Provide an acceptable reason if you must leave early

You bring a bible to read your favorite passages

maybe... this would be your value imposed

It is OK if s/he requests or accepts an offer of scripture readings



# You bring a book to read during your visit to the client? yes, if it communicates disinterest

It is OK if you are providing respite and your client is unresponsive, or if your client uses visit time to nap

You accept flowers from your client's family?

maybe... it is best not to ever take anything from your client/family

To refuse small gifts like flowers, or cookies may be insulting to the family; however, it may also be perceived by the family as a bribe



Your client asks you to do the laundry or feed the pets or wash the floors or weed the garden or ???

maybe... is the requested activity in the Pine Tree Hospice Plan of Care?

The PTH Plan of Care states what is expected of the volunteer; if you are comfortable with a reasonable and safe task, it is OK; if you are not, it is OK to say, "That is not part of what I am supposed to do while I am here. Do you want me to try and find someone who can do that for you?"



You offer to give your client the needed change if s/he does not have enough money at the grocery store?

yes, money should never be exchanged

This is a tough one because as "helpers" we want to be helpful, but exchanging money definitely crosses a professional boundary. Remember... hospice volunteers can be friendly, but we are not "friends" with our clients. If you cannot resist loaning a small amount of money to avoid your client's embarrassment, then you have crossed a boundary and it does need to be included in your report to PTH



You are visiting a client who is currently suffering with sciatic pain. You decide to show you care by sharing your past experience with a similar discomfort

yes, your prior discomfort does not focus on the client and should not be included in your interaction with him/her

Listen to what the client tells you about his/her discomfort; solicit details that may indicate change in his/her status that would need to be reported to the PTH staff



Noticing that your client is lonely, you decide to visit more often and stay longer during each visit

yes, the PTH plan of care states the expected frequency of visits

You will "burn out" if you overextend yourself with any client...don't "take the client home with you"

If you assess that your client needs more than you initially agreed to, bring this to the attention of the PTH coordinator



### You accept your client's "friend request" on social media

yes, your relationship with your client is therapeutic (helping), but not social

It may feel like a rejection of the person if you ignore a friend request on social media. Sometimes the easiest way to say "NO" to a client is to say, "I'm sorry, but hospice volunteers are not allowed to engage in that activity" or "I'm sorry, but that is against Pine Tree Hospice policy" or "I'm sorry, but that is against the rules while I am your volunteer."



# Your client's family member asks you about the medication your client is taking

yes, if that person is not listed on the PTH "Authorization to Release Confidential Information" form

It is OK to say, "I am only authorized to provide information about my client to the people listed on the "Authorization to Release Confidential Information"



When you are visiting your client in the hospital, s/he asks you to go to his/her house to pick up something s/he needs

yes, it is never OK to go into a client's home when the client is not there

Because your relationship is professional and not personal, your entry into the client's home would be considered trespassing; and, you put yourself at risk for being falsely accused of wrong-doing should anything be missing from the home. You could ask, "do you have a friend or family member who could get that for you?"



You have been with your client for more than 2 years, when s/he tells you how much you mean to her/him and wants to give you a valuable piece of jewelry, or watch, or antique, or ???

### yes, it is not OK to accept gifts from clients

It is meant to be an honor when offered such a gift after a long-term relationship. You may graciously accept the honor, but not the gift. You could say, "That is very generous of you and I truly do appreciate your offer, but volunteers are not allowed to accept gifts"



Your client of more than 2 years, insists that you accept his/her gift, even though you have graciously declined

yes, it is not OK to accept gifts from clients

We know that the gift of *giving* is often greater than the gift that is given. If your client is distraught because you declined his/her gift, it is OK to suggest that the gift, or its monetary equivalent, be given to a charitable organization. Pine Tree Hospice is one option. Be sure to include this in your client report.



You have been having a difficult day prior to your client visit.

Your client notices that you seem distressed and asks you to

share what is happening with you

yes, it is not OK to share your personal information with your clients

The focus of the helping relationship is the client. If you divulge your troubles and worries that shifts the focus. Also, your client may take on your worries as well as his/her own



Your client is obviously having such a difficult day that when he/she begins to cry, you sit down and cry with him/her

yes, it is not OK to share your personal feelings with your clients

Although crying with the client may seem like a compassionate thing to do, the focus of the helping relationship is the client. If you react emotionally to a client's situation, you have shifted focus to yourself and lost sight of the client's feelings. You can acknowledge the client's distress by simply sitting in attentive silence.



You notice that your client smiles when the clerk at the store calls him/her "Honey", so you decide to do the same

yes, it is not OK to use terms of endearment such as Honey or Sweetie with a client

Terms of endearment imply a close personal relationship; your relationship with your client is not personal



You notice that your client's family member calls your client by a nickname, so you decide to do the same

yes, nicknames are personal

Nicknames imply a close personal relationship; your relationship with your client is not personal. It is OK if your client asks you to call him/her by a nickname.



You are accustomed to using slang words, or even occasional profanity, when conversing with your friends; so you decide this relaxed language would bring you closer to your client

yes, profanity of any kind, and even slang words cross a professional boundary

Unprofessional language or attire may be distressing to your client; it could even be frightening



You are physically attracted to your client, and you feel you would like to become very good friends

yes, remember you are the helpER and s/he is the helpEE

We're all human and it is possible to become physically attracted to a client so that you want to become very good friends. You can't... as long as you are the helpER and s/he is the helpEE



# Over time you have come to like your client so much that you want to establish a relationship as friends

yes, your relationship remains "friendly" and not friends as long as you are the helpER and s/he is the helpEE

It is difficult to maintain a friendly as opposed to friends relationship with someone we like and have been with for a long time. If you find yourself slipping into being friends, it's time to have a chat with the PTH coordinator.



Your client's family member tells you your client has been restless and sweating during the night, and s/he asks you not to mention this to anyone because the client does not want to qo to the hospital

yes, you do need to report any change in your client's condition

It is noble for friends to keep secrets, but as helpers we need to report any change. You could say, "I understand s/he doesn't want to go the hospital, and maybe s/he won't have to, but I need to let the hospice staff know about any changes." If you further explain why, you are likely to keep the client's trust.



Your client asks you to accompany him/her to the examining room at the doctor's office

no

You may ask the PTH coordinator to assign an advocate if you are uncomfortable entering into your client's intimate personal space



# Your client offers to buy your lunch after you've transported him/her to the doctor's office

yes

A reasonable trade for "friends", but you are the friendly volunteer who does not accept compensation for services



Boundaries are guidelines for maintaining positive and helpful relationships with clients

Boundaries may be gray ... not black and white

How do you know if your action is about to cross a boundary?



Boundaries are guidelines for maintaining positive and helpful relationships with clients

Boundaries may be gray ... not black and white Ask yourself,

Are my actions more about My needs than the needs of the hospice client?

If yes, you may be crossing a boundary



### Beware of Gray boundaries

Boundary crossing can occur gradually, one small step at a time

NEWS

If your conscience tells you it is wrong, and you don't want others to know, then you have crossed a boundary



What should you do if you are unsure of the boundaries between you and your hospice client?

Share your concerns with your Pine Tree Hospice Coordinator



### Confidentiality

Maintain confidentiality of hospice person/family information at all times, limiting discussion to individuals or agencies identified in the Pine Tree Hospice "Authorization to Release Confidential Information" signed by the client and on file at the PTH office



### Read the Pine Tree Hospice Confidentiality Policy

### Principles

Every person has the right to privacy regarding his/her health care, and a right to determine who has access to confidential information

Volunteers have a right to know information pertinent to the care they render to a Client/Family, but are expected to treat that information with strict confidentiality

It is punishable by law in the State of Maine to divulge information about a person's substance abuse history, mental health history or HIV status without the person's written consent



### Read the Pine Tree Hospice Confidentiality Policy

#### Procedures

The names of all Clients and families who contact Hospice will be confidential

Client/Family privacy will be respected. Information is shared only with those involved with care and with client's permission

Client/Family issues may be discussed at PTH Team Meeting as part of routine case review

PTH Volunteers and Staff sign a confidentiality statement



### Read the Pine Tree Hospice Confidentiality Policy

#### Procedures continued

Any member of PTH found to have divulged confidential information shall be counseled and may be removed from the case

As required by state law, any PTH member releasing information about substance abuse history, mental health history, or HIV status without the person's written consent will be disciplined by removal from PTH service

There are additional procedures related to PTH Bereavement Facilitators



### Mandated Reporting

Recognize when mandated reporting is necessary

#### **ABUSE**

Infliction of injury
Unreasonable confinement
Intimidation
Cruel punishment
Sexual abuse or exploitation
Intentional, knowing or reckless deprivation
of essential needs

bruises burns easily frightened, agitated



### Recognize when mandated reporting is necessary

### **NEGLECT**

### Deprivation of essential needs Self neglect

dehydration
neglected sores, rashes or injuries
poor physical hygiene
lack of clean bedding or clothing
lack of glasses, hearing aid, dentures
lack of prescribed medication



### Recognize when mandated reporting is necessary

#### EXPLOITATION

Illegal or improper use of an incapacitated or dependent adult, or that adult's resources for another's profit or advantage

missing property or belongings purchase of items that do not benefit the client abrupt changes in will



### Recognize when mandated reporting is necessary

#### SEXUAL ABUSE OR EXPLOITATION

Contact or interaction of a sexual nature involving an incapacitated or dependent adult without that adult's consent

bruises around breasts or genital area unexplained genital infection evidence of vaginal or anal bleeding difficulty walking or sitting



What should you do
if you suspect or confirm abuse or
domestic violence ?

Share your concerns with your Pine Tree Hospice

Coordinator



### In review...

Personal (social) Relationship	Professional (therapeutic, helping) Relationship
Family and friends	Volunteer and client (Helper and helpee) friendly but not "friends"
Values may or may not be mutually accepted	Client's values are unconditionally accepted
Boundaries are mutually agreed upon with a focus on mutual comfort	Boundaries are governed by professional standards, and the focus is always on the client's comfort and safety  Volunteer respects client's personal boundaries unless comfort or safety would be compromised